



### **HOUSE BILL No. 1197**

DIGEST OF HB 1197 (Updated February 19, 2015 3:31 pm - DI 123)

Citations Affected: IC 5-2; IC 10-19; IC 36-8.

Synopsis: Emergency tactical responder training. Requires the department of homeland security (department) to develop core curriculum requirements and standards for tactical emergency casualty care training programs (TECC programs) for: full-time firefighters, law enforcement officers, emergency medical technicians, advanced emergency medical technicians, and paramedics (emergency tactical responders). Requires tactical emergency responders to successfully complete an eight hour basic level TECC program conducted: (1) as part of the first responder's basic training, if basic training is completed after December 31, 2017; or (2) before July 1, 2020, if the officer completes basic training before January 1, 2018. Allows the department to accredit the TECC programs of certain third parties and the TECC programs of third parties that meet the department's core curriculum requirements and standards. Requires the department to develop core curriculum requirements and standards for programs to instruct individuals on becoming a TECC program trainer (trainer programs). Requires the department to consult and cooperate with the law enforcement training board and the emergency medical services commission to develop core curriculum requirements and standards for TECC programs and trainer programs. Allows the department to consult, cooperate, or contract with certain colleges or universities, or other individuals or entities, for the development of TECC programs and trainer programs.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

# McNamara, Bacon, Zent, Macer

January 12, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety.
February 17, 2015, amended, reported — Do Pass.
February 19, 2015, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1197**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

	CECTION 1 IC 5010 IC INTENDED DV DI 1610011
	SECTION 1. IC 5-2-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2014
S	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
Л	ULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) The board shall adopt in accordance with
I	C 4-22-2 all necessary rules to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
T	The rules, which shall be adopted only after necessary and proper
it	nvestigation and inquiry by the board, shall include the establishment
0	of the following:
	(1) Minimum standards of physical, educational, mental, and
	moral fitness which shall govern the acceptance of any person for
	training by any law enforcement training school or academy
	meeting or exceeding the minimum standards established
	pursuant to this chapter.
	(2) Minimum standards for law enforcement training schools
	administered by towns, cities, counties, law enforcement training
	centers, agencies, or departments of the state.



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1	(3) Minimum standards for courses of study, attendance
2	requirements, equipment, and facilities for approved town, city,
3	county, and state law enforcement officer, police reserve officer,
4	and conservation reserve officer training schools.
5	(4) Minimum standards for a course of study on cultural diversity
6	awareness, including training on the U nonimmigrant visa created
7	through the federal Victims of Trafficking and Violence
8	Protection Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-386) that must be required for
9	each person accepted for training at a law enforcement training
10	school or academy. Cultural diversity awareness study must
11	include an understanding of cultural issues related to race,
12	religion, gender, age, domestic violence, national origin, and
13	physical and mental disabilities.
14	(5) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved law
15	enforcement training schools.
16	(6) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement
17	officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before
18	being eligible for continued or permanent employment.
19	(7) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement
20	officers appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete
21	in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent
22	appointment.
23	(8) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement
24	officers appointed on a permanent basis shall complete in order
25	to be eligible for continued employment.
26	(9) Minimum basic training requirements for each person
27	accepted for training at a law enforcement training school or
28	academy that include six (6) hours of training in interacting with:
29	(A) persons with autism, mental illness, addictive disorders,
30	mental retardation, and developmental disabilities;
31	(B) missing endangered adults (as defined in IC 12-7-2-131.3);
32	and
33	(C) persons with Alzheimer's disease or related senile
34	dementia;
35	to be provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and
36	social services and the board.
37	(10) Minimum standards for a course of study on human and
38	sexual trafficking that must be required for each person accepted
39	for training at a law enforcement training school or academy and
40	for inservice training programs for law enforcement officers. The
41	course must cover the following topics:
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<b>4</b> ∠	(A) Examination of the human and sexual trafficking laws



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1	(IC 35-42-3.5).
2	(B) Identification of human and sexual trafficking.
3	(C) Communicating with traumatized persons.
4	(D) Therapeutically appropriate investigative techniques.
5	(E) Collaboration with federal law enforcement officials.
6	(F) Rights of and protections afforded to victims.
7	(G) Providing documentation that satisfies the Declaration of
8	Law Enforcement Officer for Victim of Trafficking in Persons
9	(Form I-914, Supplement B) requirements established under
10	federal law.
11	(H) The availability of community resources to assist human
12	and sexual trafficking victims.
13	(11) Minimum basic training requirements for each person
14	accepted for training at a law enforcement training school or
15	academy that includes eight (8) hours of basic level tactical
16	emergency casualty care training under IC 10-19-9.5.
17	(b) A law enforcement officer appointed after July 5, 1972, and
18	before July 1, 1993, may not enforce the laws or ordinances of the state
19	or any political subdivision unless the officer has, within one (1) year
20	from the date of appointment, successfully completed the minimum
21	basic training requirements established under this chapter by the board.
22	If a person fails to successfully complete the basic training
23	requirements within one (1) year from the date of employment, the
24	officer may not perform any of the duties of a law enforcement officer
25	involving control or direction of members of the public or exercising
26	the power of arrest until the officer has successfully completed the
27	training requirements. This subsection does not apply to any law
28	enforcement officer appointed before July 6, 1972, or after June 30,
29	1993.
30	(c) Military leave or other authorized leave of absence from law
31	enforcement duty during the first year of employment after July 6,
32	1972, shall toll the running of the first year, which shall be calculated
33	by the aggregate of the time before and after the leave, for the purposes
34	of this chapter.
35	(d) Except as provided in subsections (e), (l), (r), and (s), a law
36	enforcement officer appointed to a law enforcement department or
37	agency after June 30, 1993, may not:
38	(1) make an arrest;
39	(2) conduct a search or a seizure of a person or property; or
40	(3) carry a firearm;
41	unless the law enforcement officer successfully completes, at a board

certified law enforcement academy or at a law enforcement training



center under section 10.5 or 15.2 of this chapter, the basic training requirements established by the board under this chapter.

- (e) This subsection does not apply to:
  - (1) a gaming agent employed as a law enforcement officer by the Indiana gaming commission; or
  - (2) an:

- (A) attorney; or
- (B) investigator;

designated by the securities commissioner as a police officer of the state under IC 23-19-6-1(k).

Before a law enforcement officer appointed after June 30, 1993, completes the basic training requirements, the law enforcement officer may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course established in subsection (f). Successful completion of the pre-basic course authorizes a law enforcement officer to exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) for one (1) year after the date the law enforcement officer is appointed.

- (f) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a pre-basic course for the purpose of training:
  - (1) law enforcement officers;
  - (2) police reserve officers (as described in IC 36-8-3-20); and
- (3) conservation reserve officers (as described in IC 14-9-8-27); regarding the subjects of arrest, search and seizure, the lawful use of force, interacting with individuals with autism, and the operation of an emergency vehicle. The pre-basic course must be offered on a periodic basis throughout the year at regional sites statewide. The pre-basic course must consist of at least forty (40) hours of course work. The board may prepare the classroom part of the pre-basic course using available technology in conjunction with live instruction. The board shall provide the course material, the instructors, and the facilities at the regional sites throughout the state that are used for the pre-basic course. In addition, the board may certify pre-basic courses that may be conducted by other public or private training entities, including postsecondary educational institutions.
- (g) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a mandatory inservice training program for police officers. After June 30, 1993, a law enforcement officer who has satisfactorily completed basic training and has been appointed to a law enforcement department or agency on either a full-time or part-time basis is not eligible for continued employment unless the officer satisfactorily completes the mandatory inservice training requirements established by rules adopted



by the board. Inservice training must include training in interacting with persons with mental illness, addictive disorders, mental retardation, autism, developmental disabilities, and Alzheimer's disease or related senile dementia, to be provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and social services and the board, and training concerning human and sexual trafficking and high risk missing persons (as defined in IC 5-2-17-1). The board may approve courses offered by other public or private training entities, including postsecondary educational institutions, as necessary in order to ensure the availability of an adequate number of inservice training programs. The board may waive an officer's inservice training requirements if the board determines that the officer's reason for lacking the required amount of inservice training hours is due to either of the following:

(1) An emergency situation.

- (2) The unavailability of courses.
- (h) The board shall also adopt rules establishing a town marshal basic training program, subject to the following:
  - (1) The program must require fewer hours of instruction and class attendance and fewer courses of study than are required for the mandated basic training program.
  - (2) Certain parts of the course materials may be studied by a candidate at the candidate's home in order to fulfill requirements of the program.
  - (3) Law enforcement officers successfully completing the requirements of the program are eligible for appointment only in towns employing the town marshal system (IC 36-5-7) and having not more than one (1) marshal and two (2) deputies.
  - (4) The limitation imposed by subdivision (3) does not apply to an officer who has successfully completed the mandated basic training program.
  - (5) The time limitations imposed by subsections (b) and (c) for completing the training are also applicable to the town marshal basic training program.
  - (6) The program must require training in interacting with individuals with autism.
- (i) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish an executive training program. The executive training program must include training in the following areas:
  - (1) Liability.
  - (2) Media relations.
- 41 (3) Accounting and administration.
- 42 (4) Discipline.



1 (5) Department policy making. 2 (6) Lawful use of force. 3 (7) Department programs. 4 (8) Emergency vehicle operation. 5 (9) Cultural diversity. 6 (i) A police chief shall apply for admission to the executive training 7 program within two (2) months of the date the police chief initially 8 takes office. A police chief must successfully complete the executive 9 training program within six (6) months of the date the police chief 10 initially takes office. However, if space in the executive training program is not available at a time that will allow completion of the 11 12 executive training program within six (6) months of the date the police 13 chief initially takes office, the police chief must successfully complete 14 the next available executive training program that is offered after the 15 police chief initially takes office. (k) A police chief who fails to comply with subsection (j) may not 16 17 continue to serve as the police chief until completion of the executive 18 training program. For the purposes of this subsection and subsection 19 (j), "police chief" refers to: 20 (1) the police chief of any city; 21 (2) the police chief of any town having a metropolitan police 22 department; and 23 (3) the chief of a consolidated law enforcement department 24 established under IC 36-3-1-5.1. 25 A town marshal is not considered to be a police chief for these 26 purposes, but a town marshal may enroll in the executive training 27 program. 28 (1) A fire investigator in the division of fire and building safety 29 appointed after December 31, 1993, is required to comply with the 30 basic training standards established under this chapter. 31 (m) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a 32 program to certify handgun safety courses, including courses offered 33 in the private sector, that meet standards approved by the board for training probation officers in handgun safety as required by 34 35 IC 11-13-1-3.5(3). (n) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a 36 37 refresher course for an officer who:

(1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency

(2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for at

least two (2) years and less than six (6) years before the officer is

hired under subdivision (1) due to the officer's resignation or



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as a law enforcement officer:

1	retirement; and
2	(3) completed at any time a basic training course certified by the
3	board before the officer is hired under subdivision (1).
4	(o) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a
5	refresher course for an officer who:
6	(1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency
7	as a law enforcement officer;
8	(2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for at
9	least six (6) years and less than ten (10) years before the officer
10	is hired under subdivision (1) due to the officer's resignation or
11	retirement;
12	(3) is hired under subdivision (1) in an upper level policymaking
13	position; and
14	(4) completed at any time a basic training course certified by the
15	board before the officer is hired under subdivision (1).
16	A refresher course established under this subsection may not exceed
17	one hundred twenty (120) hours of course work. All credit hours
18	received for successfully completing the police chief executive training
19	program under subsection (i) shall be applied toward the refresher
20	course credit hour requirements.
21	(p) Subject to subsection (q), an officer to whom subsection (n) or
22	(o) applies must successfully complete the refresher course described
23	in subsection (n) or (o) not later than six (6) months after the officer's
24	date of hire, or the officer loses the officer's powers of:
25	(1) arrest;
26	(2) search; and
27	(3) seizure.
28	(q) A law enforcement officer who has worked as a law enforcement
29	officer for less than twenty-five (25) years before being hired under
30	subsection $(n)(1)$ or $(o)(1)$ is not eligible to attend the refresher course
31	described in subsection (n) or (o) and must repeat the full basic training
32	course to regain law enforcement powers. However, a law enforcement
33	officer who has worked as a law enforcement officer for at least
34	twenty-five (25) years before being hired under subsection (n)(1) or
35	(o)(1) and who otherwise satisfies the requirements of subsection (n)
36	or (o) is not required to repeat the full basic training course to regain
37	law enforcement power but shall attend the refresher course described
38	in subsection (n) or (o) and the pre-basic training course established
39	under subsection (f).
40	(r) This subsection applies only to a gaming agent employed as a
41	law enforcement officer by the Indiana gaming commission. A gaming

agent appointed after June 30, 2005, may exercise the police powers



1	described in subsection (d) if:
2	(1) the agent successfully completes the pre-basic course
3	established in subsection (f); and
4	(2) the agent successfully completes any other training courses
5	established by the Indiana gaming commission in conjunction
6	with the board.
7	(s) This subsection applies only to a securities enforcement officer
8	designated as a law enforcement officer by the securities
9	commissioner. A securities enforcement officer may exercise the police
10	powers described in subsection (d) if:
11	(1) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes the
12	pre-basic course established in subsection (f); and
13	(2) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes any
14	other training courses established by the securities commissioner
15	in conjunction with the board.
16	(t) As used in this section, "upper level policymaking position"
17	refers to the following:
18	(1) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal
19	system is not more than ten (10) members, the term refers to the
20	position held by the police chief or town marshal.
21	(2) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal
22	system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51)
23	members, the term refers to:
24	(A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and
25	(B) each position held by the members of the police
26	department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay
27	grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal.
28	(3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal
29	system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to:
30	(A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and
31	(B) each position held by the members of the police
32	department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks
33	and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town
34	marshal.
35	(u) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer
36	employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer
37	may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if:
38	(1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course
39	described in subsection (f); and
40	(2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses
41	established by the department of correction in conjunction with



the board.

1	SECTION 2. IC 10-19-9.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2015]:
4	Chapter 9.5. Tactical Emergency Casualty Care Training
5	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "emergency tactical responder"
6	means:
7	(1) an emergency medical technician;
8	(2) an advanced emergency medical technician;
9	(3) a paramedic;
10	(4) a law enforcement officer (as defined in IC 5-2-1-2); or
11	(5) a full-time firefighter.
12	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "tactical emergency casualty
13	care" means:
14	(1) the retrieval; and
15	(2) field medical treatment;
16	of individuals in an active, threatening environment.
17	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "TECC program" refers to a
18	program designed to educate an emergency tactical responder in
19	tactical emergency casualty care.
20	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "trainer" means an instructor of
21	a TECC program.
22	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "trainer program" refers to a
23	program that educates individuals to become trainers.
24	Sec. 6. (a) Not later than July 1, 2016, the department shall
25	establish standards and core curriculum requirements for TECC
26	programs, based upon the following:
27	(1) The National Emergency Medical Services Education
28	Standards adopted by the National Highway Transportation
29	and Safety Administration (NHTSA).
30	(2) The Tactical Emergency Casualty Care Guidelines
31	adopted by the Committee for Tactical Emergency Casualty
32	Care (C-TECC).
33	(3) The guidelines and standards of the National Association
34	of Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) programs.
35	(4) Any other national guidelines and standards that the
36	department considers appropriate.
37	(b) The department shall develop or approve TECC programs
38	on the following three (3) levels:
39	(1) Basic level TECC programs that educate emergency
40	tactical responders who are nonmedical personnel. A basic
41	level TECC program must be eight (8) hours in length.
42	(2) Intermediate TECC programs that educate emergency



1	tactical responders who are basic life support personnel.
2	(3) Advanced programs that educate emergency tactical
3	responders who are advanced life support personnel.
4	Sec. 7. The department may approve a TECC program that
5	substantially meets the standards and core curriculum
6	requirements approved by the department and is provided by:
7	(1) a military, naval, or air service of the armed forces of the
8	United States;
9	(2) a program accredited by a federal or state governmental
10	agency; or
11	(3) a program provided by the National Association of
12	Emergency Medical Technicians (NAEMT) that is accredited
13	by the Continuing Education Coordinating Board for
14	Emergency Medical Services.
15	Sec. 8. All TECC programs and trainer programs must be
16	taught by trainers who meet the qualifications of the department.
17	Sec. 9. (a) After December 31, 2017, an emergency tactical
18	responder under section 1(1), 1(2), or 1(3) of this chapter may be
19	employed by:
20	(1) a law enforcement agency; or
21	(2) an emergency medical services agency established by
22	IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a law enforcement
23	agency;
24	to provide tactical emergency casualty care, if the emergency
25	tactical responder has successfully completed a TECC program
26	approved under this chapter.
27	(b) An emergency tactical responder who meets the
28	requirements set forth in subsection (a) may practice emergency
29	medicine according to the emergency tactical responder's scope of
30	training and as approved by the medical director of the law
31	enforcement agency or the emergency medical services agency
32	supervising the emergency tactical responder.
33	(c) A law enforcement agency or an emergency medical services
34	agency established by IC 16-31-5-1 that has an agreement with a
35	law enforcement agency to operate under this section must be
36	certified as a provider organization by the department. The
37	department shall determine the standards and qualifications that
38	must be met for an agency to be a certified provider organization.
39	Sec. 10. (a) The department shall develop standards and core
40	curriculum requirements for a basic level TECC program
41	described in section 6 of this chapter. After December 31, 2017, the

basic level TECC program must be included in the basic training



1	for:
2	(1) full-time firefighters under IC 36-8-10.5-7; and
3	(2) law enforcement officers under IC 5-2-1-9.
4	(b) An emergency tactical responder under section 1(4) or 1(5)
5	of this chapter who completes basic training under IC 36-8-10.5-7
6	or IC 5-2-1-9 before January 1, 2018, must complete a basic level
7	TECC program not later than July 1, 2020.
8	Sec. 11. Not later than July 1, 2016, the department shall
9	develop standards and core curriculum requirements for trainer
10	programs for each TECC program level set forth in section 6 of
11	this chapter. The standards and core curriculum requirements
12	shall be based upon the guidelines and standards set forth in
13	section 6 of this chapter.
14	Sec. 12. (a) The department may:
15	(1) develop a trainer program; or
16	(2) approve a trainer program that:
17	(A) is developed and taught by a third party; and
18	(B) substantially meets the standards and core curriculum
19	requirements of the department.
20	(b) The department may approve a trainer program provided
21	or accredited by an entity listed in section 7 of this chapter that
22	substantially meets the standards and core curriculum
23	requirements of the department.
24	Sec. 13. (a) The department shall consult and cooperate with the
25	law enforcement training board created under IC 5-2-1-3 and the
26	Indiana emergency medical services commission created by
27	IC 16-31-2-1 for the development of standards and core curriculum
28	requirements for TECC programs and trainer programs under
29	this chapter.
30	(b) The department may consult, cooperate, or contract with an
31	accredited college or university (as defined in IC 24-4-11-2), or any
32	other individual or entity for the development and provision of
33	TECC programs and trainer programs under this chapter.
34	Sec. 14. (a) The department shall issue a certificate for
35	completion of a TECC program or trainer program established by
36	or approved under this chapter.
37	(b) A trainer certificate issued under this chapter expires three
38	(3) years after the date the certificate is issued. The department
39	shall establish qualifications for a trainer to meet to renew the
40	trainer's certification.
41	(c) The department may develop or approve refresher trainer



programs.

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1	Sec. 15. The department shall administer this chapter. The
2	department may perform any other acts that are necessary or
3	appropriate to implement this chapter.
4	SECTION 3. IC 36-8-10.5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.78-2013,
5	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The education board shall adopt rules under
7	IC 4-22-2 establishing minimum basic training requirements for
8	full-time firefighters and volunteer firefighters, subject to subsection
9	(b) and section 7.5 of this chapter. The requirements must include
10	training in the following areas:
11	(1) Orientation.
12	(2) Personal safety.

- (2) Personal safety.
- (3) Forcible entry.
- (4) Ventilation.
- (5) Apparatus.
- (6) Ladders.
- (7) Self-contained breathing apparatus.
- (8) Hose loads.
- (9) Streams.

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- (10) Basic recognition of special hazards.
- (b) A person who fulfills the certification requirements for:
  - (1) Firefighter I, as described in 655 IAC 1-2.1-4; or
- (2) Firefighter II, as described in 655 IAC 1-2.1-5;

is considered to comply with the requirements established under subsection (a).

- (c) In addition to the requirements of subsections (a) and (d), the minimum basic training requirements for full-time firefighters and volunteer firefighters must include successful completion of a basic or inservice course of education and training on sudden infant death syndrome that is certified by the Indiana emergency medical services commission (created under IC 16-31-2-1) in conjunction with the state health commissioner.
- (d) In addition to the requirements of subsections (a) and (c), the minimum basic training requirements for full-time and volunteer firefighters must include successful completion of an instruction course on vehicle emergency response driving safety. The education board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to operate this course.
- (e) In addition to the requirements of subsections (a), (c), and (d), the minimum basic training requirements for full-time and volunteer firefighters must include successful completion of a basic or inservice course of education and training in interacting with individuals with autism that is certified by the Indiana emergency medical services



1	commission (created under IC 16-31-2-1).
2	(f) In addition to the requirements of subsections (a), (c), (d)
3	and (e), the minimum basic training requirements for full-time
4	firefighters must include successful completion of eight (8) hours
5	of a basic level program of tactical emergency casualty care
6	training under IC 10-19-9.5.
7	(f) (g) The education board may adopt emergency rules in the
8	manner provided under IC 4-22-2-37.1 concerning the adoption of the
9	most current edition of the following National Fire Protection
10	Association standards, subject to amendment by the board:
11	(1) NFPA 472.
12	(2) NFPA 1001.
13	(3) NFPA 1002.
14	(4) NFPA 1003.
15	(5) NFPA 1021.
16	(6) NFPA 1031.
17	(7) NFPA 1033.
18	(8) NFPA 1035.
19	(9) NFPA 1041.
20	(10) NFPA 1521.
21	(11) NFPA 1670.
22	(g) (h) Notwithstanding any provision in IC 4-22-2-37.1 to the
23	contrary, an emergency rule described in subsection (f) (g) expires or
24	the earlier of the following dates:
25	(1) Two (2) years after the date on which the emergency rule is
26	accepted for filing with the publisher of the Indiana Register.
27	(2) The date a permanent rule is adopted under this chapter.
28	(h) (i) At least sixty (60) days before the education board adopts ar
29	emergency rule under subsection $(f)$ , $(g)$ , the education board shall:
30	(1) notify the public of its intention to adopt an emergency rule by
31	publishing a notice of intent to adopt an emergency rule in the
32	Indiana Register; and
33	(2) provide a period for public hearing and comment for the
34	proposed rule.
35	The publication notice described in subdivision (1) must include an
36	overview of the intent and scope of the proposed emergency rule and
37	the statutory authority for the rule.



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety, to which was referred House Bill 1197, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

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Page 9, line 7, delete "or".
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Page 9, line 8, delete "." and insert ";".

Page 9, delete line 9.

Page 9, line 10, delete "(1)" and insert "(4)".

Page 9, line 10, after ";" insert "or".

Page 9, line 11, delete "(2)" and insert "(5)".

Page 9, line 11, delete "; or" and insert ".".

Page 9, delete line 12.

Page 9, line 13, delete "3." and insert "2.".

Page 9, line 18, delete "4." and insert "3.".

Page 9, line 19, delete "a public safety officer or".

Page 9, line 21, delete "5." and insert "4.".

Page 9, line 23, delete "6." and insert "5.".

Page 9, line 25, delete "7." and insert "6.".

Page 10, line 5, delete "8." and insert "7.".

Page 10, line 16, delete "9." and insert "8.".

Page 10, line 18, delete "10." and insert "9.".

Page 10, line 18, after "responder" insert "under section 1(1), 1(2),

### or 1(3) of this chapter".

Page 10, line 38, delete "11." and insert "10.".

Page 10, line 40, delete "7" and insert "6".

Page 11, line 1, delete "and volunteer firefighters".

Page 11, line 4, delete "public safety officer" and insert "first responder under section 1(4) or 1(5) of this chapter".

Page 11, line 5, delete "2017," and insert "2018,".

Page 11, line 6, delete "2019." and insert "2020.".

Page 11, line 7, delete "12." and insert "11.".

Page 11, line 9, delete "7" and insert "6".

Page 11, line 12, delete "7" and insert "6".

Page 11, line 13, delete "13." and insert "12.".

Page 11, line 20, delete "8" and insert "7".

Page 11, line 23, delete "14." and insert "13.".

Page 11, delete lines 33 through 39.

Page 11, line 40, delete "16." and insert "14.".

Page 12, line 7, delete "17." and insert "15.".

Page 13, line 9, delete "full-time and" and insert "full-time".



Page 13, line 10, delete "volunteer". Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1197 as introduced.)

FRYE R

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 0.

### **HOUSE MOTION**

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1197 be amended to read as follows:

Page 9, line 5, delete ""first responder"" and insert ""emergency tactical responder"".

Page 9, line 17, delete "a first responder" and insert "an emergency tactical responder".

Page 9, line 38, delete "first responders" and insert "emergency tactical responders".

Page 9, line 41, delete "first".

Page 9, line 42, delete "responders" and insert "emergency tactical responders".

Page 10, line 1, delete "first responders" and insert "emergency tactical responders".

Page 10, line 16, delete "a first responder" and insert "an emergency tactical responder".

Page 10, line 22, delete "first responder" and insert "emergency tactical responder".

Page 10, line 25, delete "A first responder" and insert "An emergency tactical responder".

Page 10, line 27, delete "first responder's" and insert "emergency tactical responder's".



Page 10, line 29, delete "first responder." and insert "emergency tactical responder.".

Page 11, line 1, delete "A first responder" and insert "An emergency tactical responder".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1197 as printed February 17, 2015.)

**PRICE** 

